Rencontres pour la Sauvegarde du Patrimoine scientifique et technique

ACONIT/APHID
Grenoble 14 novembre 3013

« La place qu'occupe la science dans notre culture est l'une des questions brûlantes du jour » Gerald Holton, Science en gloire, science en procès, Gallimard, 1998

Visions « scientistes » de la culture et visions « mythiques »

- Cercle de Vienne,
 « La conception scientifique du monde », 1929
- Science, the endless frontier, 1945
 - Empirisme
 - Démarcative
 - Anti-métaphysique
 - Unifiante

 Le « Strong Program en sociologie des sciences

Constructivisme

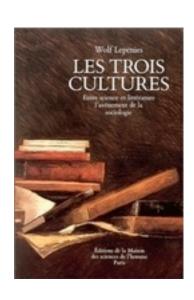
Politisation

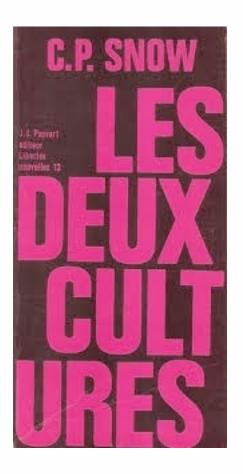
Indistinction

Réseaux

Pragmatisme

2? 3?... Cultures





Musées ou Centres de sciences (MNHN, Musée de médecine,





Les « Sciences centers » « at the fingertips » L'Exploratorium de





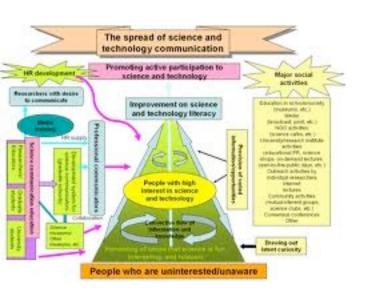
Ontario Science Center

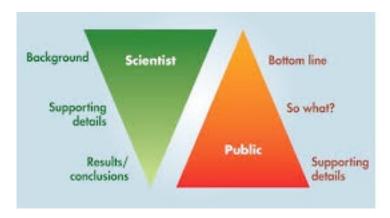


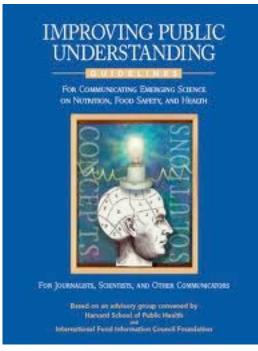


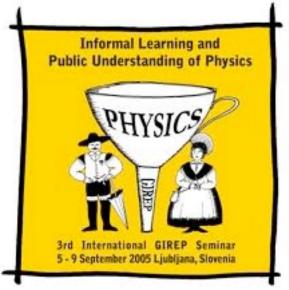


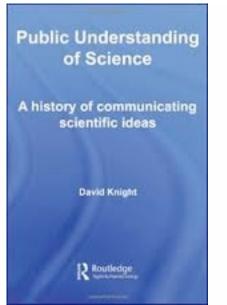
Public Understanding of







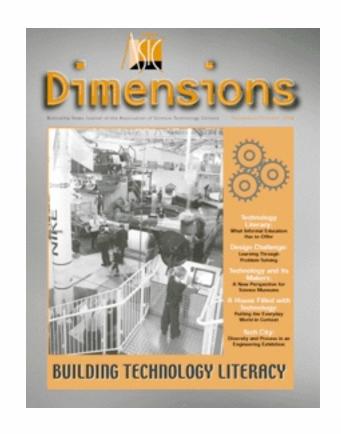




ASTC:

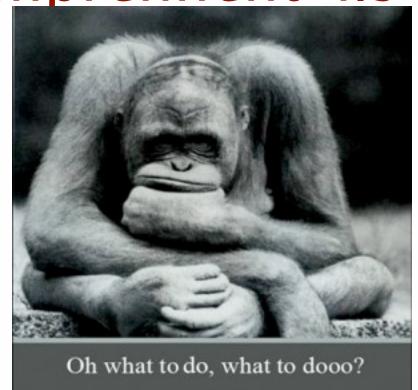
Have science-technology centers been emphasizing one half of their mandate at the expense of the other? The 2002 publication of Technology Speaking: Why All Americans Need to Know More About Technology, a report from the National Academy of Engineering and the National Research Council, is challenging museums to measure their current exhibits and programs against a strong model of technology literacy.

September/October 2002



Pourquoi ne comprennent-ils

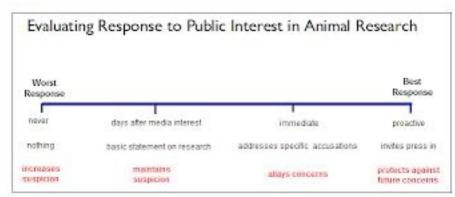
- "Why Don't They Understand? Public Perception of Controversy in Science" ASTC Annual Conference, 2008
- Arthur Caplan. "Ethics and values should be the leading issue to hook people into the exhibition," ... "Ethical issues are at the core of what the public needs to know about

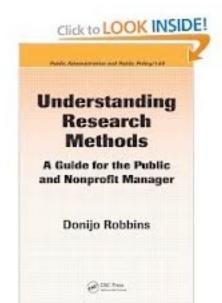


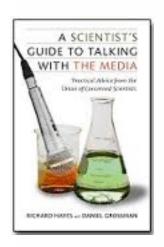


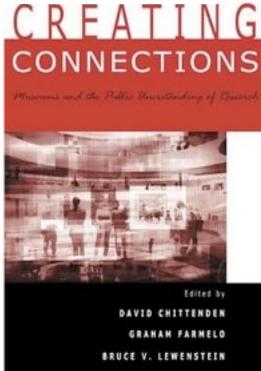
Public Understanding of











Centres de sciences Wolfsburg, Cosmocaixa Barcelone





Museum of Tomorrow, Rio

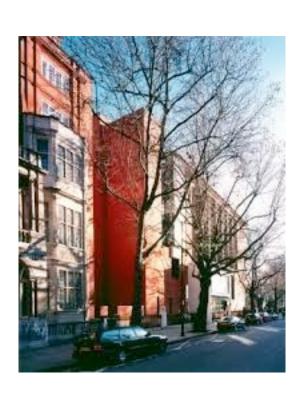
 Sustainability will be at the center of both the Museum of Tomorrow's exhibits and the building enomics enlightment itself, as designed by world-renowned architect Santiago Calatrava





	PUS (deficit model)	PES (dialogue model)
Aims	To increase public sympathy for science by telling people more about science	To stimulate and inform debate and to increase public awareness of science processes
Methods	One-way — tells people about science	Two-way — encourages feedback and debate
Scope	Narrow — considers issues within narrow scientific paradigm	Broad — considers science issues within social context that allows values and feelings to be included in discussion
Starting position	Science is good (people just need to understand it better)	Open minded (different parties may come with different viewpoints but process seeks consensus)
Benefits and risks	Benefits highlighted by the overall enthusiasm of the science presenter and/or funding imperatives and/or bias for positive results	Allows benefits to be presented realistically, and risks and uncertainties admitted
Fears	Not expressed	Expressed
Ownerships	Exclusive (technology is owned by scientists)	Inclusive (technology is owned by the community)
PES = public engagement in science; PUS = public understanding of science Source: Janet Salisbury		

Welcome Wolfson Building



 The Science Museum's Dana Centre is a collaboration between the British Science Association, the European Dana Alliance for the Brain and the Science Museum. It is part of the Wellcome Wolfson Building, which is supported by four principal donors – the Wellcome Trust, the Wolfson Foundation, The Dana Foundation

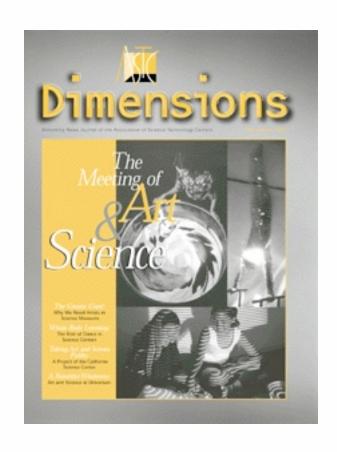
Le Musée comme agora



This program seeks to create a spontaneous community of philosophical inquiry regarding issues such as beauty, relevance, information, experience, taste, and museum collections and practices. In ancient Greece, the agora was an outdoor public place of assembly where students gathered to learn from philosophers who posed moral, social, cultural and political questions. MoMA's iteration of the agora features Museum educators engaging with members of the public in informal discussions that depart from open-ended questions relating to visitors' museum experience

Arts et Sciences

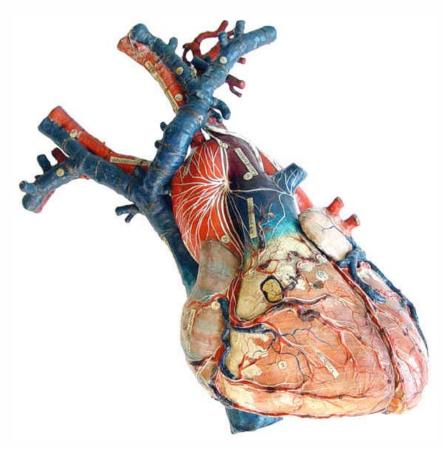
 Are art and science mutually incomprehensible, the "two-cultures" described by physicist C.P. Snow? Or are they mutually complementary, two ways of expressing what phýsicist David Bohm called "a certain oneness and totality, a wholeness"? In this issue, museum professionals discuss the roles that artists play in their institutions and explore what



Avant la photographie

 Louis Auzoux papier maché anatomique





Anatomical collections as part of the cultural heritage





Artification?

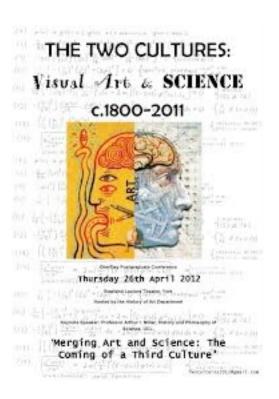
 Art & Science: **Merging Art &** Science to Make a **Revolutionary New** Art MovementExhibitio n at GV Art Gallery, **London8 July - 24** September 2011





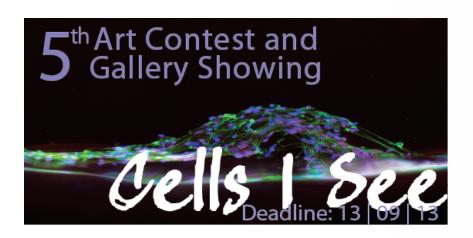
Arthur I. Miller

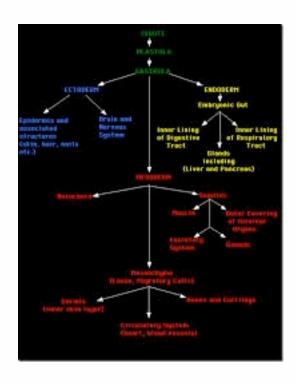
Artification?





Initiatives...



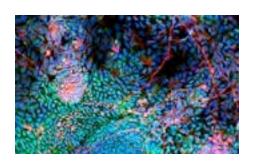


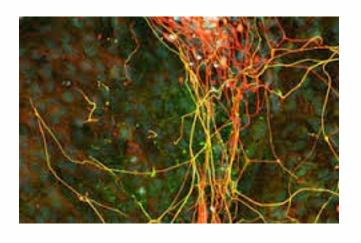
http:// www.artsciencefactory.com/

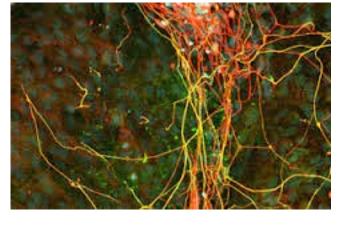


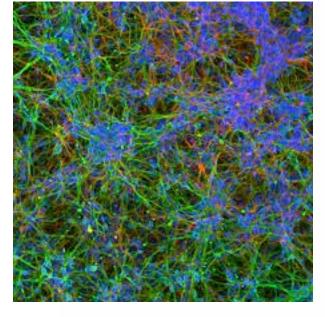


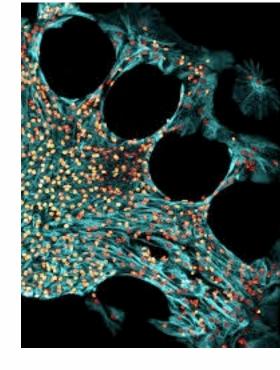
Exemples: Radha Cheddah

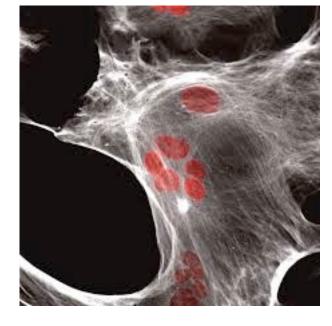


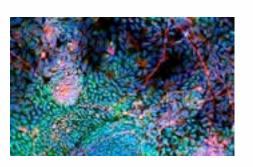












A Canadian art exhibit takes a different look at the ongoing







Exemples: Le Laboratoire,



Exemples (festival, doctorat, Stephen Wilson)

- Doctorat SACRe
- La recherche comme création et avec les créateurs, La création comme recherche et avec les chercheurs.
- http://www.univpsl.fr/media/ sacre_fr/



